



International Journal of Psychology and
Psychological Therapy

ISSN: 1577-7057

riptp@ual.es

Universidad de Almería
España

Sánchez Queija, I.; Oliva, A.
A Longitudinal View of Peer-Friendship Relations and their Association with Parental
Attachment Bonds
International Journal of Psychology and Psychological Therapy, vol. 15, núm. 2, junio, 2015,
pp. 259-272
Universidad de Almería
Almería, España

Available in: <http://www.redalyc.org/articulo.oa?id=56041176007>

Abstract

A sample of adolescent boys and girls, 13, 15, and 18 years of age, was interviewed in order to describe the changing emotional relationships with friends during the adolescent years, and the influence of family relationships on relationships with friends. At age 13, the Parental Bonding Instrument, which evaluates recalled attachment history, was completed, as were questionnaires on intimacy to a best friend and peer-group attachment. The latter two instruments were completed again, when the boys and girls became 15 and 18. The results showed higher levels of best-friend intimacy and peer attachment in girls, and an increase in both measures of relational proximity in boys as adolescence progressed. Significant associations between family and peer relations were found showing that adolescents who reported high levels of parental care at age 13 were likely to report healthier peer relationships at ages 13, 15, and 18.

Keywords

adolescence, peers relationships, family-peers relationships, attachment.

- How to cite
- Complete issue
- More information about this article
- Journal's homepage in redalyc.org

redalyc.org

Scientific Information System
Network of Scientific Journals from Latin America, the Caribbean, Spain and Portugal
Non-profit academic project, developed under the open access initiative