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# Expósito-Hermosa, A.

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# A new species of the genus *Platycerota* Hampson, 1893 from Myanmar (Burma) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini)

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# A. Expósito-Hermosa

#### Abstract

Platycerota birmaniae Expósito, sp. n. from Myanmar. The adult and the genitalia of male and female are illustrated.

KEY WORDS: Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini, Platycerota, new species, Myanmar (Burma).

Una nueva especie del género *Platycerota* Hampson, 1893 de Myanmar (Birmania) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini)

#### Resumen

Se describe *Platycerota birmaniae* Expósito, sp. n. de Myanmar. Se ilustran el adulto y la genitalia del macho y de la hembra.

PALABRAS CLAVE: Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini, *Platycerota*, nueva especie, Myanmar (Birmania).

## Introduction

The genus *Platycerota* Hampson, 1893 was described from India, the type-species is *Ennomos?* spilotelaria Walker, 1862. HOLLOWAY (1993: 80-82) studied the genus and included three species of Borneo. PARSONS et al. (1999: 764) included eight species in *Platycerota* and STÜNING (2000: 109-110) increased the number of species of the genus, establishing the synonymy *Platycerota* Hampson, 1893 (= *Crypsicometa* Warren, 1894). A thirteenth species of *Platycerota* is described below.

### Taxonomy

#### *Platycerota birmaniae* Expósito, sp. n. (Figs 1-5)

Material examined: Holotype  $\delta$  with the slide AEH 3293. Paratype 1  $\circ$  with the slide AEH 3294. Paratype 2  $\circ$  (Figs 1-2) and Paratype 3  $\delta$  and Paratype 4  $\circ$  Data of all the specimens. Route to Mt. Emaw Bum by Kanphant, 26° 09' 23.2"N, 98° 31' 16,4" E, 2358 m above sea level, 28-V-2006. Kachin State Province. Myanmar (Birmania) (Michael Langer, Stefan Naumann & Swen Löffer leg.). The type material is deposited in the collection of Andrés Expósito-Hermosa, Móstoles, Madrid (Spain).

Description (Figs 1-2): The wing span is 34-38 mm in males and 39-42 mm in females. The

dorsal part of the body is of the same colour as the ground colour of wings' upperside, the underside of body is concolorous with the underside of wings. Head: The palpi are short, vertex and base of the antennae with white scales, the antennae filiform in both sexes. The ground colour of specimens varies from orange-red to orange-off tone: numbers 172 and 192 of SÉGUY (1936), with sprinkling of black scales. The forewing with a curved basal line and another straight postmedian line of variable colour: inner part black and white or grey outside. The trace of the postmedian line can be continuous or discontinuous, but that of the basal line is always continuous. Forewing with a black apical point. There is no curved line in the area of the forewing apex. The tornus of forewing is smoothly rounded. Hindwings of the same colour, but the postmedian line is curved and the basal line is missing and the costal area is lighter colored. The underside of wings is the same colour as the front but more dull and the lines and apical point are missing. Hind tibia of both sexes with two pairs of spurs.

Male genitalia  $\delta$  (Fig. 3): The distal part of uncus ends in a sharp point. The socii are roundish and a little pilose. The tegumen is of isosceles triangle shape. The costa of valva bears a characteristic central triangular dilation. The sacculus is without processes. The juxta is bilobed. The vinculum is short and the saccus with a slit in the center. The robust aedeagus with its proximal zone straight and its distal part with two small cornuti on the vesica and a larger cornutus having the form of a hook.

Female genitalia  $\mathcal{P}$  (Figs 4-5): The posterior apophyses are longer and thinner than the anterior ones that are thicker. The antrum with inverted triangular shape. The ductus bursae is very strongly sclerotized, long, the bursa copulatrix is spherical; there is a longitudinal fold in it with multiple spines that reaches the ductus bursae area. The signum (Fig. 5) with a circular crown with multiple barbs in its peripheral circle, the central area is lighter with some dark spots; the periphery of the signum with a series of concentric circles.

#### Distribution

Endemicity of Kachin State, MYANMAR (Burma).

#### Remarks

The new species has genitalic characters fitting with those of *Platycerota*, however the external appearance is alike *Eurychoria trajecta* Prout, 1932. The criterion of STÜNING (2000) has been maintained for *Platycerota* in this work.

### Etymology

This species is called *birmaniae*, the name derived from the Birmania (Burma) in the genitive case.

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#### A NEW SPECIES OF THE GENUS PLATYCEROTA HAMPSON, 1893

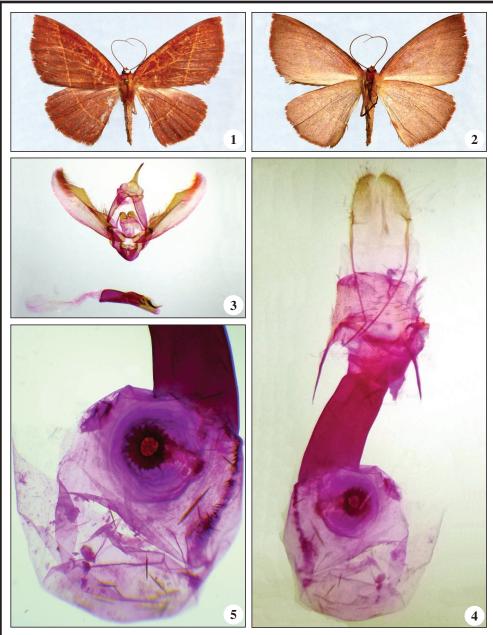
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A. E. H.
Gardenia, 25
E-28933 Móstoles (Madrid)
ESPAÑA / SPAIN
E-mail: aexposih@telefonica.net

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Figs. 1-5.— *Platycerota birmaniae* Expósito sp. n. 1. Paratype 3,  $\[ \]$  upperside of wings. 2. Paratype 3, underside of wings. 3. Holotype  $\[ \]$  slide AEH 3293. 4. Paratype 1,  $\[ \]$  slide AEH 3294. 5. Detail of the female genitalia with the signum enlarged; slide (dorsal view) AEH 3294. Figs. 1-5.— *Platycerota birmaniae* Expósito sp. n. 1. Paratype 3,  $\[ \]$  upperside of wings. 2. Paratype 3, underside of wings. 3. Holotype  $\[ \]$  slide AEH 3293. 4. Paratype 1,  $\[ \]$  slide AEH 3294. 5. Detail of the female genitalia with the signum enlarged; slide (dorsal view) AEH 3294.