Abstract

This paper analyses the evolution of the human development index between 1995 and 2000 for two states in Central Mexico: The State of Mexico and Distrito Federal. We follow the methodology proposed by the United Nations Development Programme which analyses the distribution of human development and is based on a concept of quality that measures the capacity of an entity to transform its income into development. The results show a noticeable bias in income towards Distrito Federal, which in turn denies any possible relationship of proximity among both parties.

Keywords

Indice de desarrollo humano, indice de desarrollo relativo al género, indice de inequidad.