Abstract
This paper considers female work in the peasant community of San Carlos Department, located in the Calchaqui Valley, Salta Province. It analyses the social perception of the women’s role in relation to work and includes a register of all reproductive and productive female activities. The paper also takes into account the concept of work and its contribution to the survival of the domestic group, including its importance as an economic agent capable of obtaining and generating money income as well as goods and products. The research used a qualitative method and the key informants were adult women, head of a family group

Keywords
Woman Role Labor Peasant - Reproductive activity