Abstract
SAPHO syndrome (synovitis, acne, pustulosis, hyperostosis, osteitis) is a chronic and inflammatory condition, with cutaneous and osteoarticular manifestations. Its etiology is still unclear, although a possible association has been considered between this syndrome and spondylarthropathies. Several types of treatment with steroids and anti-inflammatory drugs are currently used for this condition, obtaining different results. Bisphosphonates are a new treatment option for SAPHO syndrome due to their anti-osteoclastic and anti-inflammatory properties. We report the case of a male patient with SAPHO syndrome, who was successfully treated with zoledronic acid.

Keywords
Acquired hyperostosis syndrome, spondylarthropathies, bisphosphonates.