



Revista Portuguesa de Pneumologia

ISSN: 0873-2159

sppneumologia@mail.telepac.pt

Sociedade Portuguesa de Pneumologia
Portugal

Winck, J.C.

Clinical trials in Portugal: A ruby in the middle of the rubble

Revista Portuguesa de Pneumologia, vol. 22, núm. 3, mayo-junio, 2016

Sociedade Portuguesa de Pneumologia

Lisboa, Portugal

Available in: <http://www.redalyc.org/articulo.oa?id=169747615012>

- How to cite
- Complete issue
- More information about this article
- Journal's homepage in redalyc.org

redalyc.org

Scientific Information System

Network of Scientific Journals from Latin America, the Caribbean, Spain and Portugal

Non-profit academic project, developed under the open access initiative



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Clinical trials in Portugal: A ruby in the middle of the rubble



The decrease in the number of clinical trials held in Portugal shows a loss of competitiveness that is disturbing. We should focus on measures that may recover the implementation of a dynamic clinical investigation field.

According to a study of the Portuguese Association of Pharmaceutical Industry (APIFARMA) published in 2013¹ there has been a tendency towards stagnation in the number of Clinical trials (CT) in Portugal. Nevertheless, in 2012 the market value of CT in Portugal was €36 millions. Looking at the sites where the CT were performed, between 2006 and 2011, Coimbra University Hospital Centre (CHUC) with 158 CT, North Lisbon Hospital Centre (CHLN) with 135 and São João Hospital Centre (CHSJ) with 98 were the top 3 institutions.

Compared to Cardiology with 34 CT from 2009 until 2012, Pulmonology had only 15. Compared with other countries, in 2010 Portugal had one of the lowest numbers of CT per million inhabitants, with 10 compared with Czech Republic, which achieved 47.²

Recently the EU has developed a register for all the Clinical trials performed in Europe.³ Analysing the participation of Portuguese centres in the area of Pulmonology from 2006 to 2015, the scenario is also not very optimistic, with a total of 15 trials on COPD, 7 in Cystic Fibrosis (CF), 55 in Lung Cancer (LC) and 6 in Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF). This is a long way from the involvement of Greece and the Czech Republic with, respectively, 28 and 68 CT on COPD, 4 and 13 CT on CF, 77 and 107 on LC and 6 and 12 on IPF. Moreover, analysing the participation of Portuguese centres in CT on COPD (a disease with the highest number of patients included in CT) over the last 10 years (Fig. 1), there is an irregular pattern with a minimum of 0 in 2012 and a maximum of 4 in 2014.

What can we do to improve?

By doing Clinical trials we will generate better quality data to support our decisions in healthcare.

Scientific societies should have a stronger commitment to the promotion and support of the clinical investigation in Portugal. By helping to network with European countries it will facilitate internationalization and improvement in science.

Through the creation of dedicated structures and enhancement of cooperation between Portuguese centres the results will appear in the future.

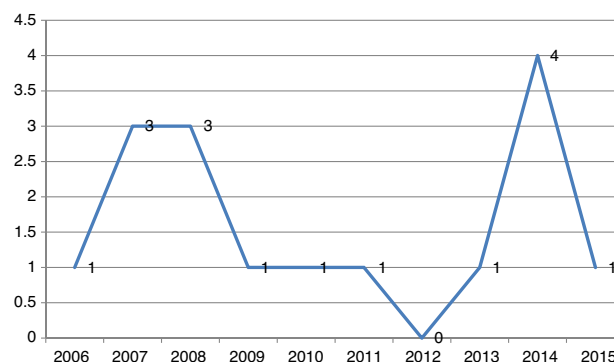


Figure 1 Clinical trials in COPD including Portuguese centres (2006–2015).

Models that include incentives for the participation of researchers and other medical professionals should be common practice. Investigator-driven CT should be also encouraged and welcomed.

If we succeed in improving these figures, the Portuguese economy will be stronger, we will increase our small footprint in the European respiratory science and our specialty will have a higher profile.

Conflicts of interest

The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.

References

1. Study on Clinical trials in Portugal. Associação Portuguesa da Indústria Farmacêutica (APIFARMA); 2013. Available on: <http://www.apifarma.pt/publicacoes/siteestudos/Paginas/EnsaioC3%ADnicosemPortugal.aspx> [accessed 28.11.15].
2. Price Waterhouse Coopers. APIFARMA, Desafios da Saúde em Portugal 2013, 20 Março; 2013. Available on: http://www.pwc.pt/pt/saude/images/pwc_agenda_saude_2013.pdf [accessed 28.11.15].
3. EU Clinical Trials Register. <https://www.clinicaltrialsregister.eu/ctr-search/search>.

J.C. Winck

Faculty of Medicine, Porto University, Portugal
E-mail address: jcwinck@mail.telepac.pt

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.rppnen.2015.12.002>