Abstract
A critical assessment of Humboldt-Codazzi three zones model in Venezuela This work critically examines the three-agrarian zones described by Humboldt and Codazzi in first half of Venezuela's century XIX. It argues that agricultural, ranching and forest zones were more a natural classification than a rural one. However, the three zones model was a lasting image, until middle of century XX, when agricultural modernization took greater strength in the whole country.

Keywords