Abstract
The article approaches forced displacement in Colombia, one of the greatest collective tragedies in America. This phenomenon would have not reached such dimension if it had not occurred in a context of acute social inequality, State weakness and persistent irregular war. It analyzes multiple human rights violations and proposes the notion that reparation to the victims of forced displacement should have to be fair, comprehensive and adequate (according to the traditional criteria), but also socially transformative.

Keywords
Colombia, non-international armed conflict, forced internal displacement, social inequality, reparation.