Abstract

In order to identify the existence and the level of a vocational indifference syndrome (IMS) characterized by difficulties in the choice of professional options designed a measurement tool called ANOMINDI. The scale was applied to a sample of 1,243 youth of both sexes, with an average age of 15.95, all students of the diversified cycle of public and private schools in 17 cities of Venezuela chosen at random. The psychometric scale analysis revealed three factors: academic indifference, lack of professional interest and hedonism, with an index of reliability of 0.73. The results reported a moderado-bajo level of the IMS in adolescents Venezuelan women and students of public schools with highest scores in the syndrome.

Keywords
professional interest, academic indifference, hedonism and vocational guidance.