Abstract
In the present paper we study the models and tendencies of socioeconomic development in Galician councils and the spatial distribution of the economic activity. This work is carried out in two phases. Firstly, the application of multivariant techniques allows to identify the homogenous and functional areas and to establish a ranking of territories based on its level of socioeconomic dynamism. Secondly, we estimate an indirect explanatory model of local fiscal incomes. The results show the process of polarization of population and economic activity in Galician geoeconomic reality and the emergence of new reticular structures connecting secondary urban centers.

Keywords
Local development / Spatial distribution of economic activity / Multivariant techniques / Zoning.