Abstract
The aim of this article is to study the limits and the relations between ensures and the providers of health services in the Contributing Regime in Bogotá, as well as to relate the forms of the exchange of health services with the results perceived by the providers. The investigation is rooted theoretically in the transaction costs economics. 17 health service providers represent the empirical component of the study. We have found three basic forms of economic exchange: cooperation in the market, hierarchical market and potential cooperation. The hierarchical market shows inferior results compared to the potential cooperation.

Keywords
- governance forms
- economic organization
- health services
- transaction costs economics